# (E,E)-tributyl(hexa-2,4-dienoyloxy)stannane

## IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS

- **CAS:** 79403-36-4
- **EC/EINECS:** 279-149-0

## MORE INFORMATION

- **Molecular Formula:** C18H34O2Sn
- **Synonyms:** acido monosorbico, tri-n-butil estaño-esterestannano, tributil((1-oxo-2,4-hexadienil)oxi)-,(E,E)-tributilestaño monosorbinsiraester, acido monosorbico, tri-n-butil estaño-esterestannano, tributil((1-oxo-2,4-hexadienil)oxi)-,(e,e)-tributiltenn monosorbinsiraester, monosorbicato de tri-n-butil-estaño, tributil((1-oxo-2,4-hexadieniloxi)-estaño

⚠ **Black list — Substances particularly hazardous to the environment or health**

## CLASSIFICATION AND LABELLING (Regulation 1272/2008)

### Symbols



**GHS06**

Acute toxicity (oral, dermal, inhalation)



**GHS08**

Respiratory sensitisation



**GHS09**

Hazardous to the aquatic environment

**Signal word:** **Danger**

### H Phrases

**H301** : Toxic if swallowed

Acute Tox. (Cat. 3 *) : Acute toxicity

**H312** : Harmful in contact with skin

Acute Tox. (Cat. 4 *) : Acute toxicity

**H372** : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

STOT RE (Cat. 1) : Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

**H319** : Causes serious eye irritation

Eye Irrit. (Cat. 2) : Serious eye damage/eye irritation

**H315** : Causes skin irritation

Skin Irrit. (Cat. 2) : Skin corrosion/irritation

**H400** : Very toxic to aquatic life

Aquatic Acute (Cat. 1) : Hazardous to the aquatic environment

**H410** : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Aquatic Chronic (Cat. 1) : Hazardous to the aquatic environment

### Notes

- R.1272-Note A
- R.1272-Note 1

### Labelling

| Concentration | Labelling |
|---|---|
| C >= 25 %: | T, N; R21-25-36/38-48/23/25- 50/53 |
| 2,5 % <= C < 25 %: | T, N; R21-25-36/38- 48/23/25-51/53 |
| 1% <= C < 2,5 %: | T; R21-25-36/38-48/23/ 25-52/53 |
| 0,25 % <= C < 1 %: | Xn; R22-48/20/22-52/ 53 |
| | * |

## Specific health risks

### Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

Daily exposure limit values (VLA-ED) published by the Spanish National Institute of Safety and Health at Work (INSST). They represent the average concentration of a chemical agent in the worker's breathing zone, measured or calculated in a time-weighted manner for an 8-hour daily working period. (https://www.insst.es/valores-limites-de-exposicion)

## Environmental regulations

### LPCIC (EPER)

Priority substances and specific pollutants within the EU water policy framework, established by the Water Framework Directive (2000/60/EC) and the Priority Substances Directive (2008/105/EC and amendments). Substances posing significant risk to European surface waters and subject to Environmental Quality Standards (EQS).

| EPER WATER | EPER AIR |
| --- | --- |
| 1 | |

### EPER Water

Substances from List 1 of Annex III of the IPPC Directive (integrated into the Industrial Emissions Directive 2010/75/EU). Atmospheric pollutants —including $SO_2$, NOx, heavy metals and organic compounds— that must be taken into account when setting emission limit values for IPPC installations.

## Restriction/prohibition regulations

### Restricted substances under REACH

Substances listed in Annex XVII of the REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, subject to restrictions on their manufacture, placing on the market or use. Restrictions may be total or partial, limiting specific applications, maximum concentrations or user groups.

### Substances under PACT evaluation

Substances under active regulatory monitoring through ECHA's PACT (Public Activities Coordination Tool). Allows tracking which regulatory authorities are examining a substance and what potential regulatory actions are being considered (restriction, SVHC identification, harmonised classification, etc.).