Ceramic materials and wares, chemicals

IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS

- **CAS:** 66402-68-4
- **EC/EINECS:** 266340-9

MORE INFORMATION

- **Synonyms:** MATERIALES CERAMICOS Y RECIPIENTES, QUIMICOS, ANTIMONIO OXIDO CALCIO TITANATO SILICATO CERAMICA OPACIFIER, BARIO, CALCIO, MAGNESIO, ESTRONCIO, ALUMINIO SILICATO FLUX, CALCINADO BAUXITE, CALCINADO CLAI, CALCINADO CLAIS, CALCINADO FIRECLAI, CALCINADO KAOLIN, BONDED NATURAL ZEOLITA, MORDENITA SINTETICA

⚠ **Black list — Substances particularly hazardous to the environment or health**

CLASSIFICATION AND LABELLING (Regulation 1272/2008)

Symbols



GHS07

Acute toxicity (oral, dermal, inhalation



GHS09

Hazardous to the aquatic environment

Signal word: **Warning**

H Phrases

H332 : Harmful if inhaled

Acute Tox. (Cat. 4 *) : Acute toxicity

H302 : Harmful if swallowed

Acute Tox. (Cat. 4 *) : Acute toxicity

H411 : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Aquatic Chronic (Cat. 2) : Hazardous to the aquatic environment

Notes

- R.1272-Note A
- R.1272-Note 1

Labelling

Concentration	Labelling
C >= 25 %:	Xn, N; R20/22-51/53
2,5 % <= C < 25 %:	Xn; R20/22-52/53
0,25 % <= C < 2,5 %:	Xn; R20/22
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Specific health risks

Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

Daily exposure limit values (VLA-ED) published by the Spanish National Institute of Safety and Health at Work (INSST). They represent the average concentration of a chemical agent in the worker's breathing zone, measured or calculated in a time-weighted manner for an 8-hour daily working period. (https://www.insst.es/valores-limites-de-exposicion)

Specific environmental risks

Hazardous water substances (Germany)

Substances classified with chronic aquatic toxicity under the CLP Regulation (H410–H413 phrases, Aquatic Chronic categories 1 to 4). They pose a long-term hazard to aquatic organisms, even at low concentrations and through prolonged exposure.

MMA CLASSIFICATION

3

Restriction/prohibition regulations

Major accident hazards (Seveso)

Hazardous substances listed in Annex I of the Seveso III Directive (Directive 2012/18/EU), transposed in Spain by Royal Decree 840/2015. Their presence in industrial establishments in quantities equal to or above established thresholds triggers obligations to implement major accident risk control measures.

Substances under PACT evaluation

Substances under active regulatory monitoring through ECHA's PACT (Public Activities Coordination Tool). Allows tracking which regulatory authorities are examining a substance and what potential regulatory actions are being considered (restriction, SVHC identification, harmonised classification, etc.).