# trilead bis(carbonate) dihydroxide

## IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS

- **CAS:** 1319-46-6
- **EC/EINECS:** 215-290-6

## MORE INFORMATION

- **Molecular Formula:** C2H2O8Pb3
- **Synonyms:** bis[carbonato(2-)]dihidroxitri-plomo, carbonato de plomo basico, hidroxido carbonato de plomo, sal de plomo y acido carbonico, basico, cerusa, escamas de plomo, subcarbonato de plomo, plata blanca, plomo blanco, hidrocerusita, bis(carbonato) dihidroxido de triplomo, carbonato basico de plomo(II)

⚠ **Black list — Substances particularly hazardous to the environment or health**

## CLASSIFICATION AND LABELLING (Regulation 1272/2008)

### Symbols



**GHS07**

Acute toxicity (oral, dermal, inhalation



**GHS08**

Respiratory sensitisation



**GHS09**

Hazardous to the aquatic environment

**Signal word: Danger**

### H Phrases

**H360Df** : May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility.

Repr. (Cat. 1A) : Reproductive toxicity

**H332** : Harmful if inhaled

Acute Tox. (Cat. 4 *) : Acute toxicity

**H302** : Harmful if swallowed

Acute Tox. (Cat. 4 *) : Acute toxicity

**H400** : Very toxic to aquatic life

Aquatic Acute (Cat. 1) : Hazardous to the aquatic environment

**H410** : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Aquatic Chronic (Cat. 1) : Hazardous to the aquatic environment

**H373** : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

STOT RE (Cat. 2 *) : Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

### Notes

- R.1272-Note A
- R.1272-Note 1

### Labelling

| Concentration | Labelling |
|---|---|
| C >= 25 %: | T, N; R61-20/22-33-62-50/53 |
| 5% <= C < 25 %: | T, N; R61-20/22-33-62-51/53 |
| 2,5 % <= C < 5 %: | T, N; R61-20/22-33-62-51/53 |
| 1% <= C < 2,5 %: | T; R61-20/22-33-52/53 |
| 0,5 % <= C < 1 %: | T; R61-33-52/53 |
| 0,25 % <= C < 0,5 %: | R52/53 |
| C >= 2,5 % | Repr., 2; H361f |
| | * |
| C >= 0,5 % | STOT repe., 2; H373 |

## Specific health risks

### Prohibited for pregnant workers

Substances prohibited for pregnant workers

### Reproductive toxicants

Substances classified as toxic for reproduction under Regulation 1272/2008

## Environmental regulations

### LPCIC (EPER)

Priority substances and specific pollutants within the EU water policy framework, established by the Water Framework Directive (2000/60/EC) and the Priority Substances Directive (2008/105/EC and amendments). Substances posing significant risk to European surface waters and subject to Environmental Quality Standards (EQS).

| EPER WATER | EPER AIR |
| --- | --- |
| 1 | 1 |

**EPER SOIL**

### EPER Water

Substances from List 1 of Annex III of the IPPC Directive (integrated into the Industrial Emissions Directive 2010/75/EU). Atmospheric pollutants —including $SO_2$, NOx, heavy metals and organic compounds— that must be taken into account when setting emission limit values for IPPC installations.

### EPER Air

Substances from List 2 of Annex III of the IPPC Directive (integrated into the Industrial Emissions Directive 2010/75/EU). Pollutants that may affect surface and groundwater bodies and must be considered in the integrated environmental authorisation of industrial installations.

## Restriction/prohibition regulations

### Restricted substances under REACH

Substances listed in Annex XVII of the REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, subject to restrictions on their manufacture, placing on the market or use. Restrictions may be total or partial, limiting specific applications, maximum concentrations or user groups.

**NOTES**

Limitations: Without prejudice to the other parts of this Annex the following shall apply to entries 28 to 30: 1. Shall not be placed on the market, or used, - as substances, - as constituents of other substances, or, - in mixtures, for supply to the general public when the individual concentration in the substance or mixture is equal to or greater than: - either the relevant specific concentration limit specified in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008, or, - the relevant concentration specified in Directive 1999/45/EC where no specific concentration limit is set out in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008. Without prejudice to the implementation of other Community provisions relating to the classification, packaging and labelling of substances and mixtures, suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that the packaging of such substances and mixtures is marked visibly, legibly and indelibly as follows: ‘Restricted to professional users’. 2. By way of derogation, paragraph 1 shall not apply to: (a) medicinal or veterinary products as defined by Directive 2001/82/EC and Directive 2001/83/ EC; (b) cosmetic products as defined by Directive 76/ 768/EEC; (c) the following fuels and oil products: - motor fuels which are covered by Directive 98/70/EC, - mineral oil products intended for use as fuel in mobile or fixed combustion plants, - fuels sold in closed systems (e.g. liquid gas bottles); (d) artists’ paints covered by Directive 1999/45/ EC; (e) the substances listed in Appendix 11, column 1, for the applications or uses listed in Appendix 11, column 2. Where a date is specified in column 2 of Appendix 11, the derogation shall apply until the said date. Source: Regulation 1907/2006 (REACH). Annex XVII

### REACH Candidates

Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC) identified by ECHA and included on the REACH Candidate List. These are substances with CMR, PBT, vPvB or endocrine disrupting properties liable to be included in Annex XIV (authorisation). Their inclusion generates notification obligations for articles containing them.

## Substances under PACT evaluation

Substances under active regulatory monitoring through ECHA's PACT (Public Activities Coordination Tool). Allows tracking which regulatory authorities are examining a substance and what potential regulatory actions are being considered (restriction, SVHC identification, harmonised classification, etc.).