trifluoroacetic acid

IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS

- **CAS:** 76-05-1
- **EC/EINECS:** 200-929-3

MORE INFORMATION

- **Molecular Formula:** C2HF3O2
- **Synonyms:** ACIDO TRIFLUOROACETICO ... %

⚠ **Black list — Substances particularly hazardous to the environment or health**

CLASSIFICATION AND LABELLING (Regulation 1272/2008)

Symbols



GHS05

Corrosive to metals



GHS07

Acute toxicity (oral, dermal, inhalation

Signal word: Danger

H Phrases

H332 : Harmful if inhaled

Acute Tox. (Cat. 4 *) : Acute toxicity

H314 : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

Skin Corr. (Cat. 1A) : Skin corrosion/irritation

H412 : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Aquatic Chronic (Cat. 3) : Hazardous to the aquatic environment

Notes

- R.1272-Note B

Labelling

Concentration	Labelling
C >= 10 %	Xn; R20
	*

Specific environmental risks

Atmospheric emissions

Substances subject to atmospheric emission limitations under the Industrial Emissions Directive (2010/75/EU) and its Spanish transposition. Includes pollutants regulated in industrial installation emission permits and best available technique reference documents (BAT/BREF).

Environmental regulations

LPCIC (EPER)

Priority substances and specific pollutants within the EU water policy framework, established by the Water Framework Directive (2000/60/EC) and the Priority Substances Directive (2008/105/EC and amendments). Substances posing significant risk to European surface waters and subject to Environmental Quality Standards (EQS).

EPER WATER	EPER AIR
EPER SOIL	
1	

EPER Soil

Substances from List 3 of Annex III of the IPPC Directive (integrated into the Industrial Emissions Directive 2010/75/EU). Substances present in waste generated by IPPC installations that must be controlled and minimised within the framework of best available techniques.

Restriction/prohibition regulations

Substances under PACT evaluation

Substances under active regulatory monitoring through ECHA's PACT (Public Activities Coordination Tool). Allows tracking which regulatory authorities are examining a substance and what potential regulatory actions are being considered (restriction, SVHC identification, harmonised classification, etc.).