# L-ascorbic acid, mixtured with chloride monohydrochloride of 3-[(4-amine-2-methyl-5-pyrimidinyl)methyl]-5-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4-methyltiazolio and mononitrate of strychnidine-10-one

**Name (English): L-ascorbic acid, mixtured with chloride monohydrochloride of 3-[(4-amine-2-methyl-5-pyrimidinyl)methyl]-5-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4-methyltiazolio and mononitrate of strychnidine-10-one**

### IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS

- **CAS:** 52539-51-2

### MORE INFORMATION

- **Synonyms:** MONONITRATO DE ESTRICNIDINA-10-ONA

⚠ **Black list — Substances particularly hazardous to the environment or health**

## CLASSIFICATION AND LABELLING (Regulation 1272/2008)

**Symbols**



**GHS06**

Acute toxicity (oral, dermal, inhalation)



**GHS09**

Hazardous to the aquatic environment

**Signal word:** **Danger**

**H Phrases**

**H330** : Fatal if inhaled

Acute Tox. (Cat. 2 *) : Acute toxicity

**H300** : Fatal if swallowed

Acute Tox. (Cat. 2 *) : Acute toxicity

**H400** : Very toxic to aquatic life

Aquatic Acute (Cat. 1) : Hazardous to the aquatic environment

**H410** : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Aquatic Chronic (Cat. 1) : Hazardous to the aquatic environment

**Notes**

- R.1272-Note A

## Specific environmental risks

### Atmospheric emissions

Substances subject to atmospheric emission limitations under the Industrial Emissions Directive (2010/75/EU) and its Spanish transposition. Includes pollutants regulated in industrial installation emission permits and best available technique reference documents (BAT/BREF).

## Restriction/prohibition regulations

### Major accident hazards (Seveso)

Hazardous substances listed in Annex I of the Seveso III Directive (Directive 2012/18/EU), transposed in Spain by Royal Decree 840/2015. Their presence in industrial establishments in quantities equal to or above established thresholds triggers obligations to implement major accident risk control measures.