L-ascorbic acid, mixtured with chloride of 3-[(4-amine-2-methyl-5-pyrimidinyl)methyl]-5-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4-methyltiazolio, salt of sodium and 1,2,3-propanetriol-mono(dihydrogen phosphate), riboflavine and phosphate of strychnidine-10-one (1:1)

Name (English): L-ascorbic acid, mixtured with chloride of 3-[(4-amine-2-methyl-5-pyrimidinyl)methyl]-5-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4-methyltiazolio, salt of sodium and 1,2,3-propanetriol-mono(dihydrogen phosphate), riboflavine and phosphate of strychnidine-10-one (1:1)

IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS

- **CAS:** 37333-45-2

MORE INFORMATION

- **Synonyms:** FOSFATO DE ESTRICNINA

⚠ **Black list — Substances particularly hazardous to the environment or health**

CLASSIFICATION AND LABELLING (Regulation 1272/2008)

Symbols



GHS06

Acute toxicity (oral, dermal, inhalation)



GHS09

Hazardous to the aquatic environment

Signal word: **Danger**

H Phrases

H330 : Fatal if inhaled

Acute Tox. (Cat. 2 *) : Acute toxicity

H300 : Fatal if swallowed

Acute Tox. (Cat. 2 *) : Acute toxicity

H400 : Very toxic to aquatic life

Aquatic Acute (Cat. 1) : Hazardous to the aquatic environment

H410 : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Aquatic Chronic (Cat. 1) : Hazardous to the aquatic environment

Notes

- R.1272-Note A

Specific environmental risks

Atmospheric emissions

Substances subject to atmospheric emission limitations under the Industrial Emissions Directive (2010/75/EU) and its Spanish transposition. Includes pollutants regulated in industrial installation emission permits and best available technique reference documents (BAT/BREF).

Restriction/prohibition regulations

Major accident hazards (Seveso)

Hazardous substances listed in Annex I of the Seveso III Directive (Directive 2012/18/EU), transposed in Spain by Royal Decree 840/2015. Their presence in industrial establishments in quantities equal to or above established thresholds triggers obligations to implement major accident risk control measures.