hexakis[μ-(acetato-O:O')]-μ4-oxotetraberyllium

Name (English): hexakis[μ-(acetato-O:O')]-μ4-oxotetraberyllium

IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS

- **CAS:** 19049-40-2
- **EC/EINECS:** 242-785-4

MORE INFORMATION

- **Molecular Formula:** C12H18Be4O13
- **Synonyms:** OXIACETATO DE BERILIO, Hexakis(mu-(ACETATO-O:O'))-mu4-OXOTETRABERILIO, hexakis[mu-(ACETATO-O:O')]-mu4-OXOTETRABERILIO, ACETATO DE BERILIO BASICO

⚠ **Black list — Substances particularly hazardous to the environment or health**

CLASSIFICATION AND LABELLING (Regulation 1272/2008)

Symbols



GHS06

Acute toxicity (oral, dermal, inhalation)



GHS08

Respiratory sensitisation



GHS09

Hazardous to the aquatic environment

Signal word: Danger

H Phrases

H372 : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

STOT RE (Cat. 1) : Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

H330 : Fatal if inhaled

Acute Tox. (Cat. 2 *) : Acute toxicity

H301 : Toxic if swallowed

Acute Tox. (Cat. 3 *) : Acute toxicity

H319 : Causes serious eye irritation

Eye Irrit. (Cat. 2) : Serious eye damage/eye irritation

H335 : May cause respiratory irritation

STOT SE (Cat. 3) : Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

H315 : Causes skin irritation

Skin Irrit. (Cat. 2) : Skin corrosion/irritation

H317 : May cause an allergic skin reaction

Skin Sens. (Cat. 1) : Respiratory/skin sensitization

H411 : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Aquatic Chronic (Cat. 2) : Hazardous to the aquatic environment

H350i : May cause cancer by inhalation.

Carc. (Cat. 1B) : Carcinogenicity

Notes

- R.1272-Note A

Specific health risks

According to IARC

Substances classified as carcinogens or mutagens Category 2 under the CLP Regulation (GHS), bearing H351 and/or H341 phrases. These are substances suspected of causing cancer or heritable genetic mutations in humans.

IARC GROUP	IARC VOLUME
Grupo 1	(VOL. 58; 1993)

Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

Daily exposure limit values (VLA-ED) published by the Spanish National Institute of Safety and Health at Work (INSST). They represent the average concentration of a chemical agent in the worker's breathing zone, measured or calculated in a time-weighted manner for an 8-hour daily working period. (https://www.insst.es/valores-limites-de-exposicion)

Sensitisers

Substances with skin or respiratory sensitisation potential

Restriction/prohibition regulations

Major accident hazards (Seveso)

Hazardous substances listed in Annex I of the Seveso III Directive (Directive 2012/18/EU), transposed in Spain by Royal Decree 840/2015. Their presence in industrial establishments in quantities equal to or above established thresholds triggers obligations to implement major accident risk control measures.